

Effects of superchilling on bleeding of Atlantic Cod

Áhrif ofurkælingar á blæðingu þorsks

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- Superchilling extends shelf life:
 - Slows growth of spoilage bacteria
 - Slows down chemical reactions
- Blood:
 - Is nourishment for spoilage bacteria
 - Contains enzymes
 - Contains iron which catalyzes oxidation





Conditions of experiment

- · Experiment was performed out at sea.
- Samples were collected the last week of July 2015
- Flowchart shows how fish is usually treated on the ship in question.







Experiments

1st: Different temperature of water in bleeding tank during bleeding.

- Sea temperature, 2°C, -1°C

2nd: Different storage conditions at sea.

- Cod bled at sea temp. and iced without cooling, superchilled and iced, superchilled kept without ice at -1°C

3rd: Time samples waited before being bled.

- 0 min, 30 min, 60 min, 90 min





Analysis

- Evaluation of fillets
- · Cooking yield
- Drip
- Water holding capacity
- Water, protein, fat and salt content
- · Free fatty acids
- · Phospholipids



Measurements performed on on all four parts of fillet:

- Color analysis, whole fillet and parts
- · Non-Heme iron
- Heme iron





Moving forward

Using the data from this experiment another one is being planned focusing on the things we feel are still unanswered.





Thank you

